India over the next two years. They are planning to start a new facility at Talegaon, Maharashtra with the plant be operational by November, 2008.

(b) The new plant at Talegaon will have an initial production capacity of 1,40,000 vehicles per annum. This is in addition to their existing capacity of 85,000 vehicles at Halol in Gujarat.

(c) The company is likely to increase its manufacturing from around 90,000 units in 2008 to 2,50,000 in 2012.

(d) The New General Motors factory in Talegaon, Maharashtra would benefit the State in various ways like employment generation and increase the State revenue by way of taxes and levies. The company is also expected to carry out various Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) activities in the State.

Displacement *vis-a-vis* employment to people by SEZs

1246. SHRI SITARAM YECHURY: Will the Minister of COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the level of displacement in comparison to the level of employment created in SEZs is higher;

(b) if so, how the Government is planning to manage the balance between the displacement generated in the process of SEZs formation; and

(c) the details of SEZs approved and operational?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY (SHRI JAIRAM RAMESH): (a) and (b) The objectives of the SEZ Act, 2005 are generation of additional economic activity; promotion of exports of goods and services; promotion of investment from domestic and foreign sources; and development of infrastructure facilities. The SEZs notified under the SEZ Act has, as per available information, have generated investment of Rs. 67347 crore and have provided employment of 61015 persons. As per studies, indirect employment is estimated to be two to three times the direct employment. Exports of goods and services from the SEZs grew by 52% in the year 2006-07 and in the current financial year (2007-08). SEZs have already effected exports to the tune of Rs. 40,000 crore upto December, 2007. The benefits derived from multiplier effect of the investments and additional economic activity in the SEZs and the employment generated thus will far outweigh the losses on account of land acquisition and revenue foregone.

(c) 439 formal approvals have been granted under the SEZ Act, 2005, out of which 202 SEZs have been notified and are in various stages of implementation.

Employment generated through SEZs

1247. SHRI SITARAM YECHURY: Will the Minister of COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Government informed the Parliament that it has generated one lakh employment through SEZs;

(b) if so, the details thereof, SEZ-wise and State-wise; and

(c) the SEZ-wise details of farmers displaced and rehabilitated?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY (SHRI JAIRAM RAMESH): (a) and (b) Presently, Special Economic Zones (SEZs) in India are providing direct employment to over 2,80,832 persons. Out of this, 1,83,354 lakhs are employed in the 7 SEZs set up by the Central Government. The new generation Special Economic Zones have generated employment to 97,478 persons, of which 61015 are in the newly notified SEZs. The Incremental employment generated in SEZs subsequent to the coming into force of the SEZ Act, 2005 in February, 2006, is of the order of 1,46,128 State-wise details of which are given in the enclosed statement (*See* below).

(c) Land/land usage is a State subject and each State acquires land for various purposes as per their policy. There are no special provisions for acquisition of land for Special Economic Zones (SEZs). The State Governments have been advised that the Board of Approval will not consider any proposal for SEZ in case the State Governments have carried out or propose to carry out compulsory land acquisition for SEZs after 5th April, 2007. As regards rehabilitation and compensation issues, the Ministry of Rural Development has come out with a revised National Rehabilitation and Resettlement Policy, 2007 *inter-alia,* providing for financial assistance, employment for displaced persons, rehabilitation grants, subsistence allowances, etc., which was notified on 31st October, 2007.

Statement

State-wise details of incremental employment generated in SEZs after enactment of SEZ Act, 2005 *in February,* 2006

State	Total additional direct employment generated in SEZs
Andhra Pradesh	13785
Chandigarh	1113
Goa	24
Gujarat	14827
Karnataka	19178
Kerala	5459
Madhya Pradesh	2466
Maharashtra	39969
Punjab	3300
Rajasthan	3038
Tamil Nadu	31219
Uttar Pradesh	4535
West Bengal	7215
GRANT TOTAL:	146128